4		
1	Robert J. Maguire, WSBA # 29909	
2	Arthur A. Simpson, WSBA # 44479 Jordan Clark, WSBA # 49659	
3	Davis Wright Tremaine LLP 920 Fifth Avenue, Suite 3300	
4	Seattle, WA 98104-1610	
5	Telephone: 206.622.3150 Facsimile: 206.757.7700	
6	Attorneys for Plaintiff	
7		
8	Bryce J. Wilcox, WSBA #21728 Sarah E. Elsden, WSBA #51158	
9	Caleb A. Hatch, WSBA #51292 Lee & Hayes, P.C.	
10	601 W. Riverside Ave., Ste. 1400 Spokane, WA 99201	
11	Telephone: (509) 324-9256 Facsimile: (509) 323-8979	
12	Attorneys for Defendant	
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14	IN THE UNITED STAT	
15	FOR THE EASTERN DIST	RICT OF WASHINGTON
16	ADM MILLING CO.,	
17	Plaintiff,	No. 2:20-cv-0343-TOR
18	V.	PROTECTIVE ORDER
19	COLUMBIA PLATEAU PRODUCERS, L.L.C. d/b/a SHEPHERD'S GRAIN,	
20	Defendant.	
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PROTECTIVE ORDER Case No. 2:20-cv-00343-TOR - 1

Davis Wright Tremaine LLP LAW OFFICES 920 Fifth Avenue, Suite 3300 Seattle, WA 98104-1610 206.622.3150 main · 206.757.7700 fax

Plaintiff ADM Milling Co. ("Plaintiff") and Defendant Columbia Plateau 2 Producers, L.L.C. d/b/a Shepherd's Grain ("Defendant" and, collectively, "the 3 Parties") respectfully submit this protective order for the Court's consideration and entry.

PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS 1.

Discovery in this action is likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or private information of the Parties (and third parties) for which special protection may be warranted. Accordingly, the Parties petition the Court to enter the following Protective Order, which shall apply to all discovery in this 10 action, including third-party discovery. The Parties acknowledge that this 11 agreement does not confer blanket protection on all disclosures or responses to 12 discovery, the protection it affords from public disclosure and use extends only to 13 the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment under the 14 applicable legal principles, and it does not presumptively entitle the Parties to file confidential information under seal.

16 2. "CONFIDENTIAL" MATERIAL

"Confidential" material may be designated "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY."

The following documents and tangible things produced or otherwise exchanged may be designated "CONFIDENTIAL":

> 1. Documents containing financial information of one or more of the Parties (or third parties);

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- 2. Documents subject to contractual confidentiality provisions;
- 3. Documents containing information related to the marketing, pricing, and delivery of the goods or services of one or more the Parties (or third parties);
- 4. Documents containing information related to competitively sensitive information regarding the customers of one or more of the Parties (or third parties), such as purchasing preferences, purchasing histories, and anticipated future needs for goods or services;
- 5. Documents containing information related to trade secrets of one or more of the Parties (or third parties) and proprietary information including product development activities;
- 6. Documents containing information related to business or legal processes and methods of one or more of the Parties (or third parties);
- 7. Documents containing information related to confidential and/or proprietary agricultural or manufacturing methods of one or more of the Parties (or third parties); and
- 8. Documents containing personally identifiable information ("PII") pertaining to any individuals.

The following documents and tangible things produced or otherwise exchanged may be designated "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY":

Documents and tangible things produced or otherwise exchanged that

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would fall under the categories listed above but that the designating party in good faith reasonably believes to contain information of a particularly sensitive or confidential nature that warrants further restricted disclosure, such as information the disclosure of which to another party or non-party would create a substantial risk of serious harm to the designating party or a third party that could not be avoided by less restrictive means—and documents and things may only be designated HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL-ATTORNEY'S EYES ONLY if the designating party believes in good faith that designation as CONFIDENTIAL will not provide adequate protection.

11 **3. SCOPE**

The protections conferred by this agreement cover not only confidential material (as defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from 14 confidential material; (2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of 15 confidential material; and (3) any testimony, conversations, or presentations by 16 Parties or their counsel that might reveal confidential material.

However, the protections conferred by this agreement do not cover information that the designating party placed within the public domain or becomes part of the public domain through trial or otherwise.

ACCESS TO AND USE OF CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL

4.1 **Basic Principles.** A receiving party may use confidential material disclosed or produced by another party or by a non-party in connection with this

1	case and that has been designated "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY		
2	CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" only for prosecuting,		
3	defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Confidential material may be		
4	disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in		
5	this agreement. Confidential material must be stored and maintained by a receiving		
6	party at a location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the		
7	persons authorized under this agreement.		
8	4.2 <u>Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items.</u> Unless		
9	otherwise ordered by the Court or permitted in writing by the designating party, a		
10	receiving party may disclose any material designated "CONFIDENTIAL" only to:		
11	(a) the receiving party's outside counsel of record in this action, as		
12	well as employees of such counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose		
13	the information for this litigation;		
14	(b) the officers, directors, and employees (including in house		
15	counsel) of the receiving party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this		
16	litigation;		
17	(c) experts and consultants to whom disclosure is reasonably		
18	necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and		
19	Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);		
20	(d) the Court, court personnel, and court reporters and their staff;		
21	(e) copy, document management, electronic discovery, or imaging		
22	service providers retained by counsel to assist in the management and duplication of		

confidential material, provided that such service provider has agreed in writing to 2 use any confidential material only to perform services for the party that has retained 3 lit in this litigation, not to disclose any confidential material to third parties and to 4 immediately return all originals and copies of any confidential material upon completion of the service;

- (f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and 8 Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the designating 9 party or ordered by the Court (with the further requirement that pages of transcribed 10 deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal confidential material 11 must be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone 12 except as permitted under this agreement);
- the author or recipient of a document containing the information (g)14 or a custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.
- (h) mock trial and jury consultants, including, but not limited to, 16 mock jurors who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A); and
- (i) any mediator retained by the Parties or appointed by the Court in 19 this action and employees of such mediator who are assisting in the conduct of the 20 mediation, provided that such mediator has agreed in writing to maintain the confidentiality of confidential information received in this action.

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4.3 **Disclosure of "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS"**

EYES ONLY" Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court or permitted in writing by the designating party, a receiving party may disclose "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" material only to:

- the receiving party's outside counsel of record in this action, as (a) well as employees of such counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation;
- in house counsel of the receiving party who have responsibility (b) for this litigation, provided that such individuals do not regularly participate in the commercial business activities of the parties other than providing legal advice;
- experts and consultants to whom disclosure is reasonably (c) necessary for this litigation, who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A), and as to whom the procedures and requirements set forth in paragraph 4.4 have been satisfied;
- (d) the Court, court personnel, and court reporters and their staff;
- copy, document management, electronic discovery, or imaging (e) service providers retained by counsel to assist in the management and duplication of confidential material, provided that such service provider has agreed in writing to use any confidential material only to perform services for the party that has retained 22 | it in this litigation, not to disclose any confidential material to third parties and to

immediately return all originals and copies of any confidential material upon completion of the service;

- (f) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information; and
- any mediator retained by the Parties or appointed by the Court in (g) this action and employees of such mediator who are assisting in the conduct of the mediation, provided that such mediator has agreed in writing to maintain the confidentiality of confidential information received in this action.
- 4.4 **Challenging Expert or Consultant.** A receiving party that wishes to provide "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" material 12 received from a producing party to an expert or consultant shall first provide the 13 producing party with: (i) a current curriculum vitae for the expert or consultant, 14 which shall include a description of past and present employers by whom the expert 15 or consultant has been employed and (subject to the second sentence of this 16 paragraph) persons or entities by whom the expert or consultant has been engaged 17 in any consulting or expert engagements within the last five years, as well as a 18 general description of the nature of such engagements and identify whether the expert has worked on behalf of the party, and (ii) a copy of a completed and signed copy of the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A). Counsel for the party giving such person access to the material shall be responsible for securing such a writing and shall be the custodian of the writing. If an expert or

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consultant is precluded by virtue of a non-disclosure agreement from disclosing either the existence or nature of any such engagement or the identity of the entity 3 for which the services were or are being performed, then the expert or consultant shall state that certain information is being withheld on that basis and shall supplement his/her disclosure with such additional information as he/she believes 6 would be helpful to the Parties and the Court in determining whether any undisclosed consulting relationship would create a likelihood that the expert or consultant would have a conflict of interest in the engagement for this litigation, or 9||should otherwise be precluded from acting as an expert or consultant in this 10 litigation.

- Within eight days after the producing party's receipt of the information (a) 12 described in paragraph 4.4 and the signed undertaking in the form of Exhibit A, the 13 producing party may object in writing to the proposed expert or consultant if facts 14 available to that party show there is a reasonable likelihood disclosure of the confidential material to the proposed expert or consultant would create a risk 16 of harm to the producing party. Failure to object in writing to a proposed expert or consultant within eight days will be deemed a waiver of any objection to the 18 proposed expert or consultant.
- (b) If the producing party objects to the proposed expert or consultant, the 20 Parties shall meet and confer in good faith in an attempt to resolve their dispute without resort to the Court. If the Parties' dispute remains unresolved seven days 22 | following the producing party's communication of its objection, the producing party

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1 may seek a ruling from the Court on the merits of the producing party's objection. 2 Pending a ruling by the Court, the proposed expert or consultant shall not have

3 access to material or information designated by the producing party unless such

4 access has been previously approved. Failure to seek a ruling from the Court as

described above within fourteen days following the producing party's initial

communication of its objection will be deemed a waiver of any objection to the

proposed expert or consultant.

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4.5 Filing Confidential Material. Before filing confidential material or discussing or referencing such material in court filings, the filing party shall confer 10 with the designating party to determine whether the designating party will remove 11 the confidential designation, whether the document can be redacted, or whether a 12 motion to seal or stipulation and proposed order is warranted.

13**||5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL**

5.1 **Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for**

Protection. Each party or non-party that designates information or items for 16 protection under this agreement must take care to limit any such designation to 17 specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. The designation 18 may be applied to the entirety of a document. However, upon reasonable request of the opposing party, the producing party must provide a more narrowly designated version of a document previously designated in its entirety, designating for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify for protection.

Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations and mass, indiscriminate, or routinized requests for narrower designations of documents designated in their entirety are prohibited. Designations that are shown to be clearly unjustified or that 4 have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily encumber or delay the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the designating party to sanctions.

If it comes to a designating party's attention that information or items that it designated for protection do not qualify for protection, the designating party must promptly notify all other parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

- 5.2 **Manner and Timing of Designations.** Except as otherwise provided 11 in this agreement (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as 12 otherwise stipulated or ordered, disclosure or discovery material that qualifies 13 protection under this agreement must be clearly so designated before or when the 14 material is disclosed or produced.
- Information in documentary form: (e.g., paper or electronic (a) 16 documents and deposition exhibits, but excluding transcripts of depositions or other 17 pretrial or trial proceedings), the designating party must affix the word 18 "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES 19 ONLY" to each document. To the extent reasonably practicable, the designation shall also be included in a data field reserved for confidentiality designations in the load file metadata for each document exchanged electronically.

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(b) Testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial
proceedings: the Parties may identify on the record, during the deposition, hearing,
or other proceeding, all testimony designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY
CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY", without prejudice to their right
to so designate other testimony after reviewing the transcript. Any party or non-
party may, within thirty days after receiving a deposition transcript, designate
portions of the transcript, or exhibits thereto, as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY
CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." Until this thirty day period
has concluded, if any testimony has been designated "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL
– ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," the entirety of the deposition transcript shall be
presumptively treated by the receiving party as having been designated by the
producing party as "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY";
otherwise, until this thirty day period has concluded, the entirety of the deposition
transcript shall be presumptively treated by the receiving party as having been
designated by the producing party as "CONFIDENTIAL".

Other tangible items: the producing party must affix in a (c) 17 prominent place on the exterior of the container or containers in which the 18 information or item is stored the word "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY 19 CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." If only a portion or portions 20 of the information or item warrant protection, the producing party, to the extent 21 practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

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5.3 **Inadvertent Failures to Designate.** If timely corrected, an 2 inadvertent failure to designate confidential information or items does not, standing 3 alone, waive the designating party's right to secure protection under this agreement 4 for such material. Upon timely correction of a designation, the receiving party must 5 make reasonable efforts to ensure that the material is treated in accordance with the 6 provisions of this agreement.

6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

- 6.1 **Timing of Challenges.** Any party or non-party may challenge a designation of confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a 10 designating party's confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, 11 substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic burdens, or a significant disruption or 12 delay of the litigation, a party does not waive its right to challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the original 14 designation is disclosed.
- 6.2 **Meet and Confer.** The Parties must make every attempt to resolve any 16 dispute regarding confidential designations without court involvement. Any motion 17 regarding confidential designations or for a protective order must include a 18 certification, in the motion or in a declaration or affidavit, that the movant has 19 engaged in a good faith meet and confer conference with other affected parties in an 20 effort to resolve the dispute without court action. The certification must list the date, manner, and participants to the conference. A good faith effort to confer 22 requires a face-to-face meeting or a telephone conference.

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6.3 Judicial Intervention. If the Parties cannot resolve a challenge without court intervention, the designating party may file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality under Local Civil Rule 7. The burden of persuasion in any such motion shall be on the designating party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and 6 burdens on other parties) may expose the challenging party to sanctions. All Parties shall continue to maintain the material in question as confidential until the Court 8 rules on the challenge.

7. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION

If a party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation 12 that compels disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as 13 "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" that 14 party must:

- promptly notify the designating party in writing and include a copy of (a) 16 the subpoena or court order;
- promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order (b) 18 to issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the 19 subpoena or order is subject to this agreement. Such notification shall include a copy of this agreement; and
 - (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by the designating party whose confidential material may be affected.

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8. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

If a receiving party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed confidential material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this agreement, the receiving party must immediately (a) notify in writing the designating party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve 6 all unauthorized copies of the protected material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this agreement, and (d) request that such person or persons execute the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

10||9. **INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE** PROTECTED MATERIAL

If information subject to a claim of attorney-client privilege, attorney work product or any other ground on which production of such information should not be 14 made to any party is nevertheless inadvertently produced, such production shall in 15 no way prejudice or otherwise constitute a waiver of, or estoppel to, any claim of 16 privilege, work product or other ground for withholding production to which the 17 producing party would otherwise be entitled. If the producing party makes a claim of inadvertent production with respect to information then in the custody of any receiving party or parties, the receiving party or parties shall promptly return the 20 information to the producing party and the receiving party or parties shall not use such information for any purpose other than in connection with a motion to compel production. The receiving party may then move the Court for an order compelling

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production of the material, and the motion shall not assert as a ground for entering such an order the fact or circumstances of the inadvertent production. This 3 paragraph should not be interpreted to abrogate any legal rights and obligations of 4 the Parties with respect to inadvertent disclosures of privileged information under any applicable rules of evidence or of professional conduct. This provision is not 6 intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery order or agreement that provides for production without prior privilege review. In such circumstance, Parties shall confer on an appropriate non-waiver order under Fed. R. 9 Evid. 502.

10**10.** NON TERMINATION AND RETURN OF DOCUMENTS

Within 60 days after the termination of this action, including all appeals, each 12 receiving party must destroy or return all confidential material to the producing 13 party, including all copies, extracts and summaries thereof. Alternatively, the 14 Parties may agree upon appropriate methods of destruction. Notwithstanding this 15 provision, counsel are entitled to retain one archival copy of all documents filed 16 with the Court, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, correspondence, deposition 17 and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert work product, even if such materials contain confidential material.

The confidentiality obligations imposed by this agreement shall remain in effect until a designating party agrees otherwise in writing or a court orders otherwise.

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1 DATED this 3rd day of March, 2021. 2 3 Presented by: 4 | s/ Sarah E. Elsden s/Robert J. Maguire Bryce J. Wilcox, WSBA #21728 Robert J. Maguire, WSBA # 29909 Sarah E. Elsden, WSBA #51158 Arthur A. Simpson, WSBA # 44479 Caleb A. Hatch, WSBA #51292 Jordan Clark, WSBA # 49659 Lee & Hayes, P.C. Davis Wright Tremaine LLP 7 601 W. Riverside Ave., Ste. 1400 920 Fifth Ave., Ste. 3300 Spokane, WA 99201 Seattle, WA 98104-1610 8 Telephone: (509) 324-9256 Telephone: (206) 622-3150 Facsimile: (509) 323-8979 Facsimile: (206) 757-7700 bryce@leehayes.com robmaguire@dwt.com sarah.elsden@leehayes.com arthursimpson@dwt.com caleb.hatch@leehayes.com jordanclark@dwt.com 11 Attorneys for Defendant Attorneys for Plaintiff 12 13 14 15 IT IS SO ORDERED. 16 DATED: March 5, 2021 17 18 19 Thomas O. Rice United States District Judge 20 21 22

PROTECTIVE ORDER Case No. 2:20-cv-00343-TOR - 17

Davis Wright Tremaine LLP LAW OFFICES 920 Fifth Avenue, Suite 3300 Seattle, WA 98104-1610 206.622.3150 main · 206.757.7700 fax

4833-2737-1742v.4 0018749-000003

EXHIBIT A

2 ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND 3 I, _____ [print or type full name], of [print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury 4 that I have read in its entirety and understand the Protective Order that was issued 6 by the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Washington on 7 ______ in the case of ADM Milling Co. v. Columbia Plateau Producers, L.L.C. d/b/a Shepherd's Grain (Case No. 2:20-cv-00343-TOR). I agree 9 to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Protective Order and I 10 understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions 11 and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not 12 disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Protective 13 Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this 14 Order. I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District 15 Court for the Eastern District of Washington for the purpose of enforcing the terms 16 of this Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after 17 | termination of this action. 18 Date: City and State where sworn and signed: 19 20 **Printed Name:** 21 Signature: 22 23

PROTECTIVE ORDER Case No. 2:20-cv-00343-TOR - 18

4833-2737-1742v.4 0018749-000003